SNOWFLAKE DATA CLOUD SCALING ANALYTICS AND BEYOND

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Thierry Cruanes, Benoit Dageville

WHY SNOWFLAKE DATA CLOUD?

No good solution to tackle modern data challenges



WHY THEN?

OUR (THEN OPTIMISTIC) VIEW OF THE CLOUD...

- Cloud object store made storage dirt cheap and reliable
- Flat network offered uniform and scalable bandwidth
- Single core performance stalled
- Data warehouse and analytic workload are mostly CPU bound

Design for abundance and not scarcity of resources

THE DREAM ANALYTIC SYSTEM (CIRCA 2012)



BUILT AROUND THREE PILLARS

Multi-cluster shared data Architecture

- Leverage cloud elasticity and pay only what you use
- Instant scale
- > Performance isolation

Immutable Scalable Storage

- > Fast response time at scale
- Fine grain vertical and horizontal pruning on any data
- Automatically applied to any data (structured and semistructured)

Multi-Tenant Service

- > Self-tuning, self-healing
- > Transparent upgrade
- Service architecture designed for availability, durability and security

HOW DOES SNOWFLAKE HANDLE SCALE?

AN ARCHITECTURE BUILT FOR THE CLOUD

Traditional Architectures





Shared-disk

Shared-nothing

Shared storage Single cluster Decentralized, local storage Single cluster



Multi-cluster, shared data

Centralized, scale-out storage
Multiple, independent compute clusters
Independent control plan and routing

MULTI-CLUSTER, SHARED DATA ARCHITECTURE



VIRTUAL WAREHOUSE

How to allow concurrent workloads run without impacting each other?

- > One or more MPP compute cluster
- > Unit of fault and performance isolation
- Use multiple warehouses to segregate workload
- > Resizable on the fly
- > Able to access data in any database
- > Transparently caches data accessed
- Transaction manager synchronizes data access
- Automatic suspend when idle and resume when needed



MULTI-CLUSTER WAREHOUSE

orchestrate abundance of compute resources

- Automatically scales compute resources based on concurrent usage
- Single virtual warehouse of multiple compute clusters
- Queries are load balanced across the clusters in a virtual warehouse
- Split across availability zones for high availability



SNOWFLAKE DATA CLOUD REGION





EMBRACE MORE WORKLOADS SOFTWARE CONTROLS HARDWARE

Workload Scaling

- Increased Concurrency
- Quasi infinite resources for a given job
- > Decrease wasteful resources

Workload isolation

- > Performance isolation
- > Failure Isolation
- Security and Sandboxing
- > Transparent upgrade

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Workload Specialization

- Adapt hardware to software requirements
- > Support wildly disparate needs
- More cpu, more memory, specialized hardware, etc...

One Integrated Platform Supporting Multiple Workload Types

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Complete SQL ACID Low-latency High-concurrency UDFs, UDTs Data Governance Stored Procedures

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One Integrated Platform Supporting Multiple Workload Types









Complete SQL ACID Low-latency High-concurrency UDFs, UDTs Data Governance Stored Procedures Streaming Ingest Tasks Table Streams External Functions Data Pipelines Semi-structured Data Unstructured Data External Tables Open File Format Java/Scala/Python Data Frames

One Integrated Platform Supporting Multiple Workload Types



Stored Procedures

DATA APPLICATION = SHARED DATA + SHARED CODE

DATA COLLABORATION

Traditional Way



Data providers

- 1. Export data to files
- 2. Publish schema
- 3. Stage files for transport

- Redundant
- Inflexible
- Inefficient
- Insecure
- Expensive

Data consumers

- 1. Additional infrastructure
- 2. Forced to recreate data structure
- 3. Delayed updates to data



SNOWFLAKE DATABASE SHARING



SNOWFLAKE DATA MARKETPLACE READY TO USE DATABASES FROM MULTIPLE PROVIDERS



Live, ready-to-query data; no copying or moving

Only data marketplace with personalized data

Globally available, across clouds



Financial



Marketing

Demographic

c Macroe

Macroeconomic

Government

Healthcare

Business

CONNECTED THROUGH DATA



BUT SHARING DATA IS NOT ENOUGH

Understanding data is expensive because semantic is too low-level

Making use of the data requires deep expertise



Data Application

Build, deploy and distribute global application is hard

Both Code and Data are confidential

DATA APPLICATION CONNECT THROUGH THE PLATFORM DATA AND EXPERTISE

Simple

- Single system to manage application state
- Analytical and Transactional processing
- Streaming, transformation and replication

Trusted Data Enclave

- > Share data securely
- Execute trusted application code
- Integrated and auditable authentication and authorization

Distribute, Monetize and Support

- Provider control application and data lifecycle
- > Consumer controls resources
- > Logs, events and metrics

STILL NEED TO UNDERSTAND

Impact of the Cloud platform on system architecture

- Impact of application generated data
- Impact of internalizing data applications

LESSONS LEARNED

BUILDING A LARGE-SCALE GLOBAL SERVICE Lessons Learned

Way harder than anticipated...

- Customers expect at least 3+ 9's of availability, 24x7
- At large scale, anything will happen. → need to proactively anticipate and defend
- Everything needs to be fully automated and fully adaptive
- As much as possible self-managed versus dev-ops automation
- Keeping up with exponential growth → scale cloud services and removing bottlenecks
- Weekly release without introducing (visible) regressions

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... but so much faster development cycles

- We have built a top-notch and feature rich platform in only few years!
- Weekly release worldwide with single version to maintain
- Virtuous cycle data driven development to identify and prioritize feature development
- Snowflake platform is extensively instrumented → we generate many terabytes of service data daily
- SQL is used throughout the platform, from the control plan to processing logs, metrics, incidents